

TEST NUMBER TWO FOR MATH 221, FALL 2004

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Name _____, Id. Num. _____, Score $\frac{\quad}{100}$

QUESTION 1. (20 POINTS) (True or False)

- (1) Let A be a 4×5 such that $\text{Rank}(A) = 3$. Then any three columns of A are independent.
- (2) Let A be a 3×6 such that $\text{Rank}(A) = 3$. Then $AX = b$ has a solution for every b , 3×1 .
- (3) $\text{Span}\{1 + x, 2x + x^2, -3x^2\} = P_3$.
- (4) $S = \{(x, y) \in R^2 \mid y = 3x + 1\}$ is a subspace of R^2 .
- (5) The span of any 5 elements in R^5 is equal to R^5 .
- (6) It is possible that the span of 6 elements in $R^{2 \times 2}$ is equal to $R^{2 \times 2}$.
- (7) If A is 6×8 and $AX = b$ has no solution for some b , 6×1 , then the column space of A is NOT equal to R^6 .
- (8) The interval $(-\infty, 300)$ is a subspace of R .
- (9) It is possible to construct a 6×5 matrix with rank equals to 6.
- (10) $\text{span}\{(1, 0, 2), (0, 4, 10)\} = R^3$.

QUESTION 2. (9 POINTS) Let $S = \{f(x) \in P_4 \mid f(x) = a + (a + b)x + bx^2 + (2a - 3b)x^3\}$ be a subspace of P_4 . What is the dimension of S ? Find a basis for S .

QUESTION 3. (8 POINTS) Let $S = \{f(x) \in C[-2, 2] \mid f(1) = 0 \text{ OR } f(-1) = 0\}$. Is S a subspace of $C[-2, 2]$? *EXPLAIN*

QUESTION 4. (13 POINTS) Let $S = \{A \in R^{2 \times 2} \mid a_{11} + a_{22} = 0 \text{ and } a_{12} + a_{21} = 0\}$. Show that S is a subspace of $R^{2 \times 2}$, and then find a basis for S .

QUESTION 5. (8 POINTS) Find a basis for P_4 that contains the two independent elements: $1 + x + x^2$ and $-1 - x + x^3$. Show the steps.

QUESTION 6. (9 POINTS) Given that $(-2, 0, 2) \in \text{Span}\{(-1, 1, 1), (3, 1, -3)\}$. Find α_1 and α_2 such that $(-2, 0, 2) = \alpha_1(-1, 1, 1) + \alpha_2(3, 1, -1)$.

QUESTION 7. (8 POINTS) Is $\text{Span}\{(1, -1, 2), (-1, 1, 0), (-1, -1, -2), (-1, 1, 2)\} = \mathbb{R}^3$? EXPLAIN

QUESTION 8. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

(1) **(15 POINTS)** Find the $N(A)$, Nullity of (A) , and a basis for $N(A)$.

(2) **(5 POINTS)** Find a basis for the column space of (A)

(3) **(5 POINTS)** Find a basis for the row space of A .